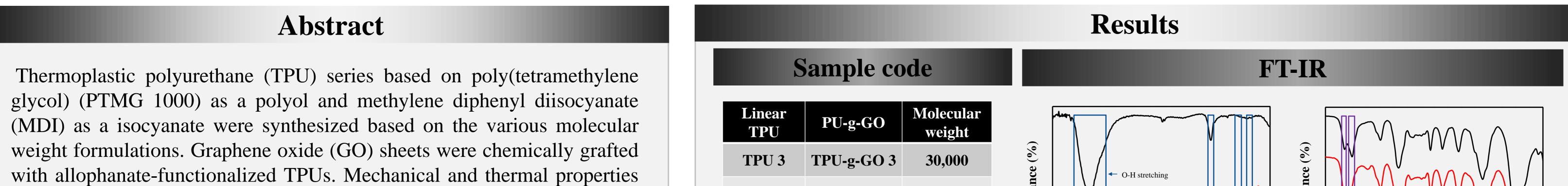




## Effect of Molecular Weight and Graphene Oxide on Polyurethane/Graphene Oxide Nanocomposite series Kyung Seok Kang<sup>1</sup>, Chan Hyuk Jee<sup>1</sup>, Min Jeong Park<sup>1</sup>, Eun Young Kim<sup>1</sup>, Seong-il Yoo<sup>2</sup> and PilHo Huh<sup>\*1</sup> <sup>1</sup>Department of Polymer Science and Engineering, Pusan National University, Busan 609-735, Korea

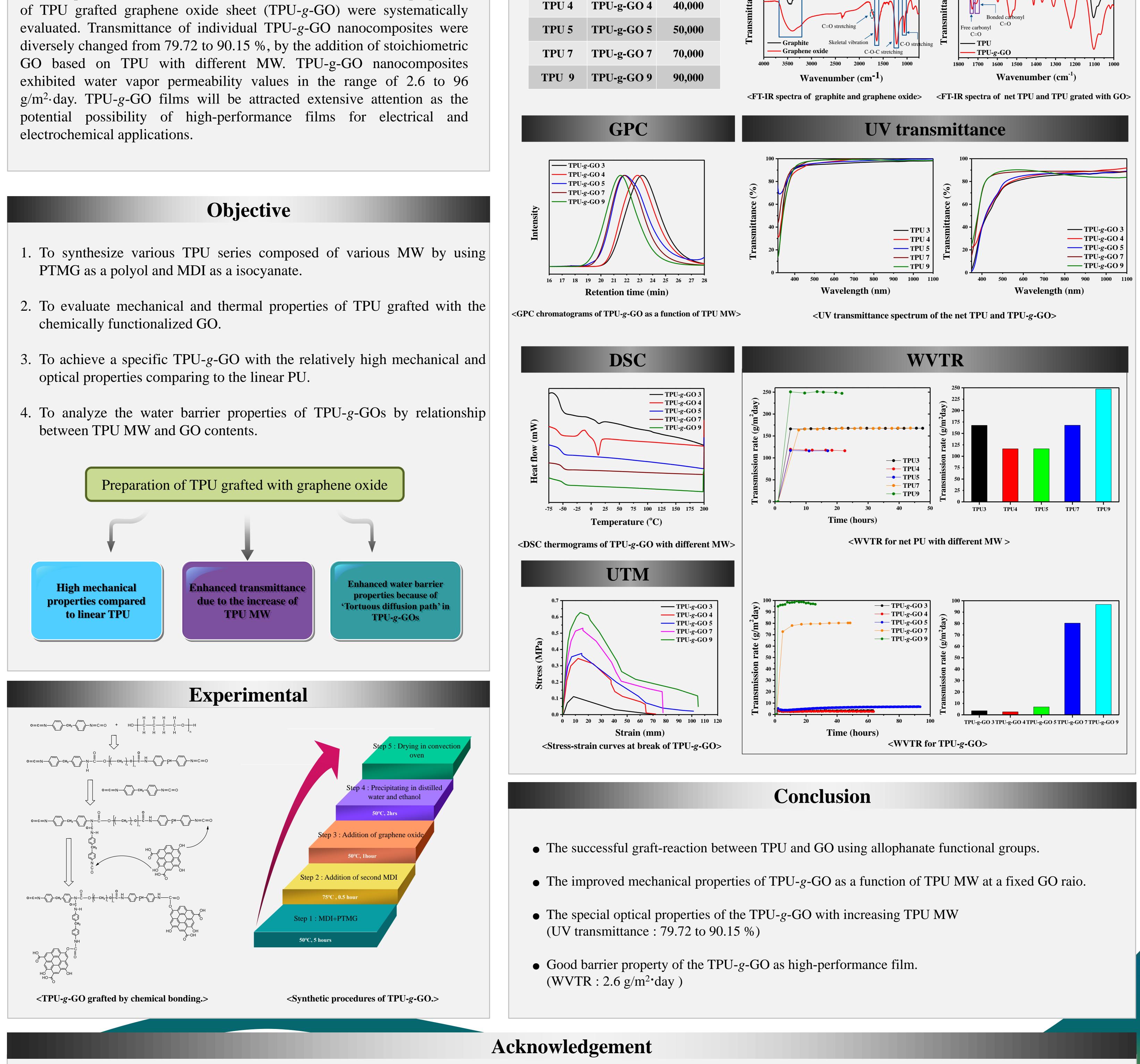
<sup>2</sup>Deparment of polymer engineering, Bukyong National University, Busan 608-737, Korea

\* pilho.huh@pusan.ac.kr



evaluated. Transmittance of individual TPU-g-GO nanocomposites were diversely changed from 79.72 to 90.15 %, by the addition of stoichiometric GO based on TPU with different MW. TPU-g-GO nanocomposites exhibited water vapor permeability values in the range of 2.6 to 96  $g/m^2 \cdot day$ . TPU-g-GO films will be attracted extensive attention as the potential possibility of high-performance films for electrical and electrochemical applications.

- PTMG as a polyol and MDI as a isocyanate.
- chemically functionalized GO.
- optical properties comparing to the linear PU.



This research was financially supported by the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy(MOTIE) and Korea Institute for Advancement of Technology(KIAT) through the Research and Development for Regional Industry

Advanced Steric Polymer Lab., Department of Polymer Science and Engineering, Pusan National University

